

Implementing the APA model for the symmetric Needham-Schroeder protocol in state transition pattern notation in the SH Verification Tool

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The protocol

1. $A \longrightarrow S : A, B, R_A$
2. $S \longrightarrow A : \{R_A, B, K_{AB}, \{K_{AB}, A\}_{K_{BS}}\}_{K_{AS}}$
3. $A \longrightarrow B : \{K_{AB}, A\}_{K_{BS}}$
4. $B \longrightarrow A : \{R_B\}_{K_{AB}}$
5. $A \longrightarrow B : \{R_B - 1\}_{K_{AB}}$

An APA model for the symmetric Needham-Schroeder protocol and a detailed explanation of that model is given in [SOR02]. Here a translation of a slightly modified version of that model into the syntax of the SH verification tool is shown.

The reachability graph for a simple protocol run computed by the tool is appended.

As a basis for the implementation the APA model as specified in the appendix of [SOR02] is used.

Corresponding syntax of the APA model and SH verification tool [Fra02b, Fra02a, ORR00] are shown side by side.

The complete specification in SH verification tool syntax is included in the appendix.

A short tour of SH Verification Tool syntax for APA state transition pattern notation:

Some examples used in the Needham-Schroeder model and their SH verification tool counterpart:

```
(start, B) ∈ StateA           [ 'start' ,B] ? A_State
(start, B) ↪ StateA   tool syntax: [ 'start' ,B] << A_State
(B, RA, S) ↪ StateA           [B,RA,S] >> A_State
```

Example 1: A simple preamble for the SH verification tool and the computed reachability graph:

A global state `multiset` is defined and initialised:

```
defset nat0_seq = seq(nat_0);
def_state multiset: nat0_seq := 2.3.3;
```

A role `role` is defined and bound to '`instance`':

```
def_role role;
def_pattern_bind role := 'instance' ;
```

A transition pattern for that role just takes out one element from the global state `multiset`:

```
def_trans_pattern role pattern
(x)
x << multiset;
```

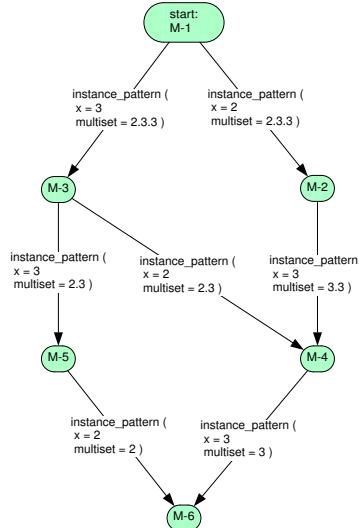


Figure 1: Reachability graph of example 1

Example 2: An example using a global state `network` and two instances of different roles one putting some information from local state `role1_my_set` into global state `network` and the other taking the data out of `network` into the local state `role2_my_set`.

```

defset nat0_seq = seq(nat_0);
def_state network: nat0_seq := ::;

def_role role1;
def_role role2;
def_pattern_bind role1 := 'instance1' ;
def_pattern_bind role2 := 'instance2' ;

def_state role1 my_set: nat0_seq := 2.3.3;
def_state role2 my_set: nat0_seq := ::;

def_trans_pattern role1 pattern1
(x)
x << role1_my_set,
network = ::, /* check whether network is empty */
x >> network;

def_trans_pattern role2 pattern1
(y)
y << network,
y >> role2_my_set;

```

Figure 2 shows the reachability graph computed by the SH Verification Tool for this example.

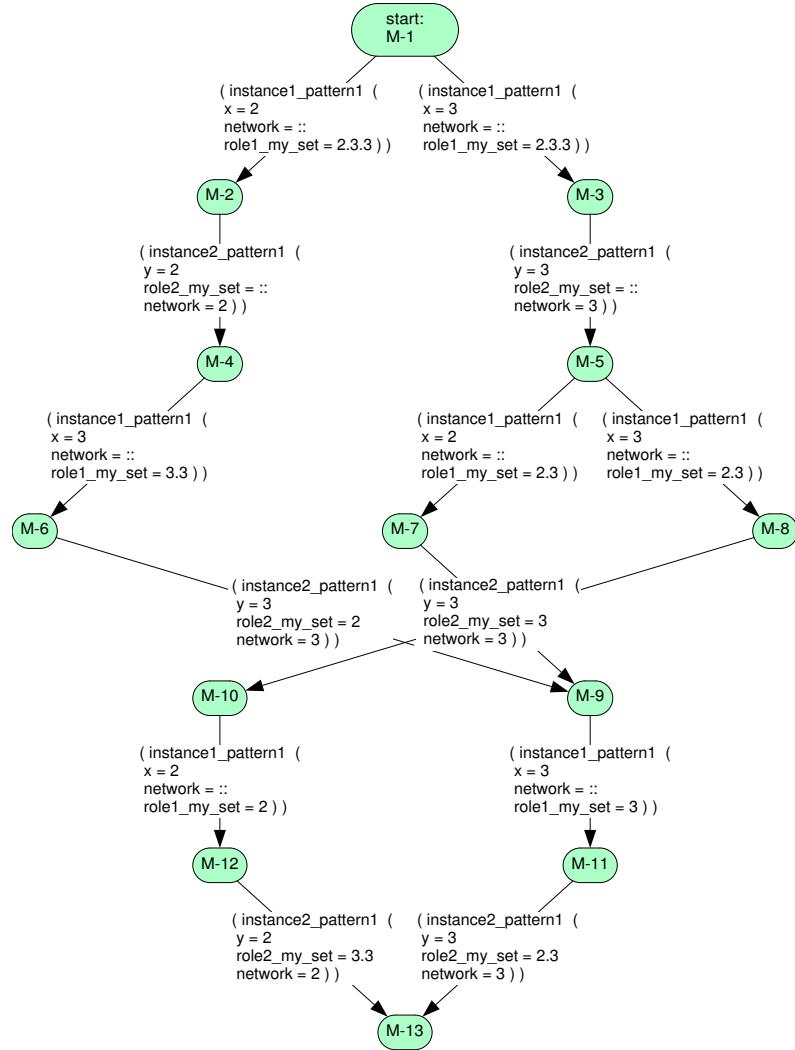


Figure 2: Reachability graph of example 2

Now the corresponding syntax of the APA model in [SOR02] and SH Verification Tool [Fra02b, Fra02a, ORR00] are shown side by side.

APA model (initial state):

```

StateA      :=  {(B, agent), (S, server), (start, B)}
SymkeysA    :=  {(S, sym, (A, S, sym))}
AsymkeysA   :=  ∅

StateB      :=  {(A, agent), (S, server), (respond, A)}
SymkeysB    :=  {(S, sym, (B, S, sym))}
AsymkeysB   :=  ∅

StateS      :=  {(A, agent), (B, agent)}
SymkeysS    :=  {(A, sym, (A, S, sym)), (B, sym, (B, S, sym))}

Network       :=  ∅

```

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_role A;
def_role B;
def_role S;

def_state A State: Messages_seq := [B,'agent'].[S,'server'].['start',B];
def_state A Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (S,'sym',(A,S,'sym'));
def_state A Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

def_state B State: Messages_seq := [A,'agent'].[S,'server'].['respond',A];
def_state B Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (S,'sym',(B,S,'sym'));
def_state B Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

def_state S State: Messages_seq := [A,'agent'].[B,'agent'];
def_state S Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (A,'sym',(A,S,'sym')).(B,'sym',(B,S,'sym'));
def_state S Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

def_state Network: net_elem_seq := ::;

def_pattern_bind A := 'Alice';
def_pattern_bind B := 'Bob';
def_pattern_bind S := 'Server';

```

APA model (step 1):

Variables: R_A, B, S

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (start, B) \in \text{State}_A \\
 & (B, agent) \in \text{State}_A \\
 & (S, server) \in \text{State}_A \\
 \xrightarrow{A} \\
 & R_A \in \text{new_nonce} \\
 & (start, B) \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \text{State}_A \\
 & (B, R_A, S) \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \text{State}_A \\
 & (A, S, (A, B, R_A)) \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \text{Network}
 \end{aligned}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern A step_1
  (RA,B,S)
  ['start',B] ? A_State,
  [B,'agent'] ? A_State,
  [S,'server'] ? A_State,
  RA << new_nonce,
  tail(RA) >> new_nonce,
  ['start',B] << A_State,
  [B,head(RA),S] >> A_State,
  (A,S,[A,B,head(RA)]) >> Network;

```

For the example `Nonces` are modeled in the tool by a list of `Nonce`. The state `new_nonce` initially contains a multiset (sequence) of one list of `Nonces`. Here we use only two nonces 13 and 17 needed for one run of the protocol in step 1 above and step 4.

```

defset Nonce = 13, 17, 19, 23;
defset Nonces = [Nonce];
defset Nonce_seq = seq(Nonces);
def_state new_nonce: Nonce_seq := [13,17];

```

In the pattern above `RA` is bound to the list `[13,17]`, the single element of the multiset `new_nonce`, then the tail of `RA` (in this case `[17]`) is put back into the multiset and the head of `RA` (in this case `13`) is used in the further lines of the above pattern.

In a concrete implementation a pseudo-random number generator should be used to generate nonces.

APA model (step 2):

Variables: $X, A, B, M, K_{AS}, K_{BS}, K_{AB}, R_A$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (X, S, M) \in \text{Network} \\
 & (A, \text{agent}) \in \text{State}_S \wedge \text{elem}(1, M) = A \\
 & (B, \text{agent}) \in \text{State}_S \wedge \text{elem}(2, M) = B \\
 & (A, \text{sym}, K_{AS}) \in \text{Symkeyss} \\
 & (B, \text{sym}, K_{BS}) \in \text{Symkeyss} \\
 & \xrightarrow{\text{S}} \\
 & R_A := \text{elem}(3, M) \\
 & (A, B, \text{sym}) \in \text{new_key} \\
 & K_{AB} := (A, B, \text{sym}) \\
 & (X, S, M) \quad \leftarrow \text{Network} \\
 & (S, A, (\text{encrypt}(K_{AS}, (R_A, B, K_{AB}, \\
 & \quad \text{encrypt}(K_{BS}, (K_{AB}, A)))))) \quad \rightarrow \text{Network}
 \end{aligned}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern S step_2
(X,A,B,M,KAS,KBS)
(X,S,M) ? Network,
[A,'agent'] ? S_State,
A = head(M),
[B,'agent'] ? S_State,
B = head(tail(M)),
(A,'sym',KAS) ? S_Symkeys,
(B,'sym',KBS) ? S_Symkeys,
/* RA = head(tail(tail(M))), */
(X,S,M) << Network,
(S,A,encrypt(KAS,[head(tail(tail(M))),B,(A,B,'sym'),
encrypt(KBS,[(A,B,'sym'),A])])) >> Network;
    
```

In the tool the abbreviation `RA` used in the pattern above is currently not used. Instead `elem(3,M)` is inserted directly notated here by `head(tail(tail(M)))`.

APA model (step 3):

Variables: $X, B, S, M, \text{Chiffretext}, K_{AS}, K_{AB}, R_A$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (X, A, M) \in \text{Network} \\
 & (B, R_A, S) \in \text{State}_A \\
 & (S, \text{sym}, K_{AS}) \in \text{Symkeys}_A \\
 & \text{elem}(1, \text{decrypt}(K_{AS}, M)) = R_A \\
 & \text{elem}(2, \text{decrypt}(K_{AS}, M)) = B \\
 & \xrightarrow{A} \\
 & K_{AB} := \text{elem}(3, \text{decrypt}(K_{AS}, M)) \\
 & \text{Chiffretext} := \text{elem}(4, \text{decrypt}(K_{AS}, M)) \\
 & (X, A, M) \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \text{Network} \\
 & (B, R_A, S) \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \text{State}_A \\
 & (\text{new session key}, B, K_{AB}) \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \text{State}_A \\
 & (A, B, \text{Chiffretext}) \quad \leftrightarrow \quad \text{Network}
 \end{aligned}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern A step_3
(X,B,S,M,KAS,RA)
(X,A,M) ? Network,
/* [B,RA,S] ? A_State, */
(S,'sym',KAS) ? A_Symkeys,
head(decrypt(KAS,M)) = RA,
head(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))) = B,
[B,RA,S] ? A_State,
/* KAB = head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M)))), */
/* Chiffretext = head(tail(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))))), */
(X,A,M) << Network,
[B,RA,S] << A_State,
[new_session_key,B,head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))))] >> A_State,
(A,B,head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M)))))) >> Network;

```

In the tool the abbreviations `KAB` and `Chiffretext` used in the pattern above are currently not used and the corresponding expression shown in the commented lines is inserted directly.

APA model (step 4):

Variables: $X, A, S, M, K_{BS}, K_{AB}, R_B$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (X, B, M) \in \text{Network} \\
 & (\text{respond}, A) \in \text{State}_B \\
 & (A, \text{agent}) \in \text{State}_B \\
 & (S, \text{server}) \in \text{State}_B \\
 & (S, \text{sym}, K_{BS}) \in \text{Symkeys}_B \\
 & \text{elem}(2, \text{decrypt}(K_{BS}, M)) = A \\
 & \xrightarrow{B} \\
 & K_{AB} := \text{elem}(1, \text{decrypt}(K_{BS}, M)) \\
 & R_B \in \text{new_nonce} \\
 & (X, B, M) \quad \leftarrow \text{Network} \\
 & (\text{respond}, A) \quad \leftarrow \text{State}_B \\
 & (\text{new session key}, A, K_{AB}, R_B) \quad \rightarrow \text{State}_B \\
 & (B, A, (\text{encrypt}(K_{AB}, R_B))) \quad \rightarrow \text{Network}
 \end{aligned}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern B step_4
(X,A,S,M,KBS,RB)
(X,B,M) ? Network,
['respond',A] ? B_State,
[A,'agent'] ? B_State,
[S,'server'] ? B_State,
(S,'sym',KBS) ? B_Symkeys,
head(tail(decrypt(KBS,M))) = A,
/* KAB = head(decrypt(KBS,M)), */
/* RB ? new_nonce, */
RB << new_nonce,
(X,B,M) << Network,
['respond',A] << B_State,
[new_session_key,A,head(decrypt(KBS,M)),RB] >> B_State,
(B,A,encrypt(head(decrypt(KBS,M)),[RB])) >> Network;

```

The usage chosen for nonces in the tool notation is described in step 1. In the pattern above `RA` is bound to the list [17], the single element of the multiset `new_nonce`, then the tail of `RA` (in this case the empty list) is put back into the multiset and the head of `RA` (in this case 17) is used in the further lines of the above pattern.

APA model (step 5a):

Variables: X, B, M, K_{AB}, R_B

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (X, A, M) \in \text{Network} \\
 (\text{new session key}, B, K_{AB}) \in \text{State}_A \\
 \xrightarrow{A} \\
 R_B := \text{elem}(1, \text{decrypt}(K_{AB}, M)) \\
 \begin{array}{ll}
 (X, A, M) & \leftrightarrow \text{Network} \\
 (\text{new session key}, B, K_{AB}) & \leftrightarrow \text{State}_A \\
 (\text{session key}, B, K_{AB}) & \rightarrowtail \text{State}_A \\
 (B, \text{sym}, K_{AB}) & \rightarrowtail \text{Symkeys}_A \\
 (A, B, (\text{encrypt}(K_{AB}, (R_B - 1)))) & \rightarrowtail \text{Network}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern A step_5a
(X,B,M,KAB)
(X,A,M) ? Network,
[ 'new_session_key' ,B,KAB] ? A_State,
/* RB = head(decrypt(KAB,M)), */
(X,A,M) << Network,
[ 'new_session_key' ,B,KAB] << A_State,
[ 'session_key' ,B,KAB] >> A_State,
(B,'sym',KAB) >> A_Symkeys,
(A,B,encrypt(KAB,[head(decrypt(KAB,M))-1])) >> Network;

```

APA model (step 5b):

Variables: X, A, M, K_{AB}, R_B

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (X, B, M) \in \text{Network} \\
 (\text{new session key}, A, K_{AB}, R_B) \in \text{State}_B \\
 \text{elem}(1, \text{decrypt}(K_{AB}, M)) + 1 = R_B \\
 \xrightarrow{B} \\
 (X, B, M) \quad \leftarrow \text{Network} \\
 (\text{new session key}, A, K_{AB}, R_B) \quad \leftarrow \text{State}_B \\
 (\text{session key}, A, K_{AB}) \quad \rightarrow \text{State}_B \\
 (A, \text{sym}, K_{AB}) \quad \rightarrow \text{Symkeys}_B
 \end{array}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```

def_trans_pattern B step_5b
  (X,A,M,KAB,RB)
  (X,B,M) ? Network,
  [ 'new_session_key',A,KAB,RB] ? B_State,
  head(decrypt(KAB,M))+1 = RB,
  (X,B,M) << Network,
  [ 'new_session_key',A,KAB,RB] << B_State,
  [ 'session_key',A,KAB] >> B_State,
  (A,'sym',KAB) >> B_Symkeys;
  
```

APA model (newA):Variables: B, K_{AB}

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{session key}, B, K_{AB}) \in \text{State}_A \\ \xrightarrow{A} \\ (\text{start}, B) \hookrightarrow \text{State}_A \end{array}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```
def_trans_pattern A newA
(B,KAB)
['session_key',B,KAB] ? A_State,
['start',B] ~? A_State,
['start',B] >> A_State;
```

In the tool notation it is checked whether the element `['start',B]` is already in `A_State` to prevent an endless loop here.

APA model (newB):Variables: A, K_{AB}

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{session key}, A, K_{AB}) \in \text{State}_B \\ \xrightarrow{B} \\ (\text{respond}, A) \hookrightarrow \text{State}_B \end{array}$$

SH Verification Tool:

```
def_trans_pattern B newB
(A,KAB)
['session_key',A,KAB] ? B_State,
['respond',A] ~? B_State,
['respond',A] >> B_State;
```

In the tool notation it is checked whether the element `['respond',A]` is already in `B_State` to prevent an endless loop here.

SH Verification Tool: Reachability graph

The reachability graph computed by the SH Verification Tool for this configuration is shown in figures 3 and 4.

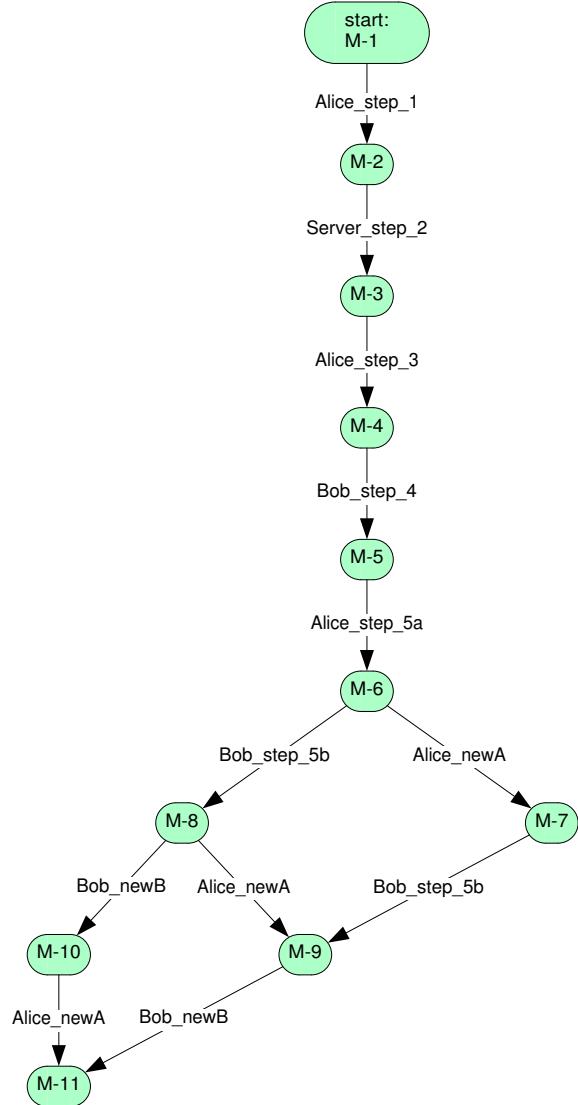


Figure 3: Reachability graph

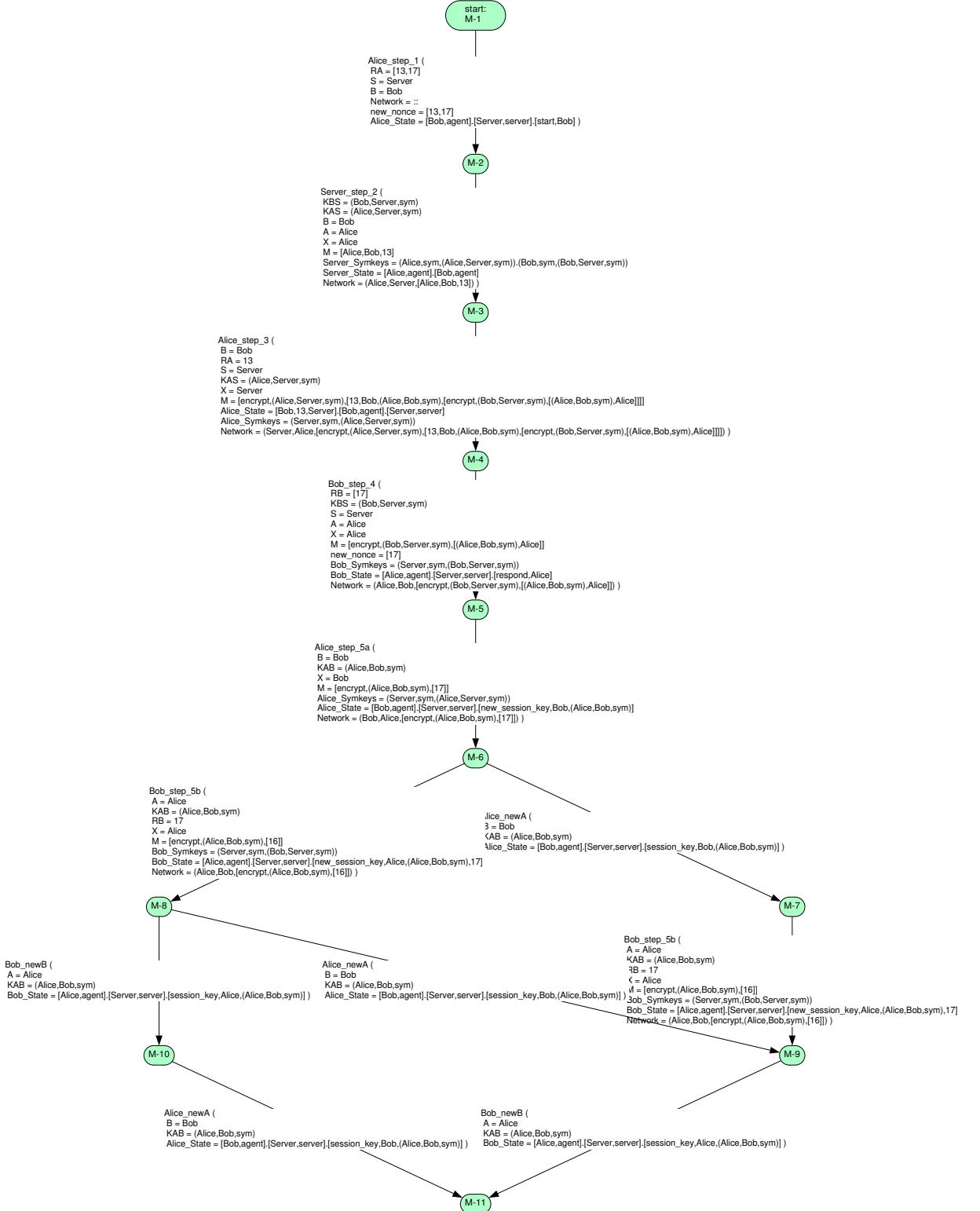


Figure 4: Reachability graph with interpretation

References

- [Fra02a] Fraunhofer Institute for Secure Telecooperation SIT, Darmstadt. *Simple Homomorphism Verification Tool – Manual*, 2002.
- [Fra02b] Fraunhofer Institute for Secure Telecooperation SIT, Darmstadt. *Simple Homomorphism Verification Tool – Tutorial*, 2002.
- [ORR00] P. Ochsenschläger, J. Repp, and R. Rieke. The SH-Verification Tool. In *Proc. 13th International FLorida Artificial Intelligence Research Society Conference (FLAIRS-2000)*, pages 18–22, Orlando, FL, USA, May 2000. AAAI Press.
- [SOR02] Gürgens S., P. Ochsenschläger, and Carsten Rudolph. Role based specification and analysis with APA. GMD Report 151, Fraunhofer Institute for Secure Telecooperation SIT, 2002.

Appendix

SH Verification Tool:

```
defset Agents = 'Alice', 'Alice2', 'Bob', 'Server' ;

defset Address = Agents;

defset Identity = Agents || nat_0;

defset Nonce = 13, 17, 19, 23;

defset Nonces = [Nonce];

defset Nonce_seq = seq(Nonces);

defset Run_seq = seq(nat_0);

defset Constants = 'start', 'respond', 'agent', 'server',
                   'new_session_key', 'session_key';

defset Symflags = 'sym', 'symmac';

defset Asymflags = 'pub', 'priv', 'pucipher', 'privcipher',
                   'pubverify', 'privsign';

defset Cryptfuncs = 'encrypt', 'decrypt', 'crypt', 'sign', 'mac', 'hash';

defset Keywords = Symflags || Asymflags || Constants || Cryptfuncs;

defset Skeys = pro(Agents, Agents, Symflags);

defset Akeys = pro(Agents, Asymflags);

defset Keys = Skeys || Akeys;

defset message = Keywords || Agents || Nonce || Keys || nat_0;
/* nat_0 wg. nonce -1 */

defset Messages = [message];

defset Messages_seq = seq(Messages);

defset Symkeys = pro(Identity, Symflags, Keys);

defset Asymkeys = pro(Identity, Asymflags, Keys);

defset Symkeys_seq = seq(Symkeys);

defset Asymkeys_seq = seq(Asymkeys);

defset net_elem = pro(Address, Address, Messages);

defset net_elem_seq = seq(net_elem);

defset nat0_seq = seq(nat_0);

def_state Network: net_elem_seq ::= ::;
```

```

def_state new_nonce: Nonce_seq := [13,17];
/*
def_state new_nonce: Nonce_seq := [13,17,19,23];
*/
/*
def_state new_runs: Run_seq := 1;
*/
def_role A;

def_role B;

def_role S;

def_state A State: Messages_seq := [B,'agent'].[S,'server'].['start',B];

def_state A Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (S,'sym',(A,S,'sym'));

def_state A Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

def_state B State: Messages_seq := [A,'agent'].[S,'server'].['respond',A];

def_state B Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (S,'sym',(B,S,'sym'));

def_state B Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

def_state S State: Messages_seq := [A,'agent'].[B,'agent'];

def_state S Symkeys: Symkeys_seq := (A,'sym',(A,S,'sym')).(B,'sym',(B,S,'sym'));

def_state S Asymkeys: Asymkeys_seq := ::;

/*
defcase encrypt: pro(Keys,Messages) >> Messages
  encrypt(key,message) = if head(message) = 'decrypt' &
    head(tail(message)) = key
    then head(tail(tail(message)))
    else ['encrypt',key,message];
*/
defterm encrypt: pro(Keys,Messages) >> Messages
  encrypt(key,message) = ['encrypt',key,message];

defcase decrypt: pro(Keys,Messages) >> Messages
  decrypt(key,message) = if head(message) = 'encrypt' &
    head(tail(message)) = key
    then head(tail(tail(message)))
    else ['decrypt',key,message];

def_trans_pattern A step_1
  (RA,B,S)
  ['start',B] ? A_State,
  [B,'agent'] ? A_State,
  [S,'server'] ? A_State,
  RA << new_nonce,
  tail(RA) >> new_nonce,
  ['start',B] << A_State,
  [B,head(RA),S] >> A_State,
  (A,S,[A,B,head(RA)]) >> Network;

```

```

def_trans_pattern S step_2
(X,A,B,M,KAS,KBS)
(X,S,M) ? Network,
[A,'agent'] ? S_State,
A = head(M),
[B,'agent'] ? S_State,
B = head(tail(M)),
(A,'sym',KAS) ? S_Symkeys,
(B,'sym',KBS) ? S_Symkeys,
/* RA = head(tail(tail(M))),*/
(X,S,M) << Network,
(S,A,encrypt(KAS,[head(tail(tail(M))),B,(A,B,'sym'),
encrypt(KBS,[(A,B,'sym'),A]))]) >> Network;

def_trans_pattern A step_3
(X,B,S,M,KAS,RA)
(X,A,M) ? Network,
/* [B,RA,S] ? A_State,*/
(S,'sym',KAS) ? A_Symkeys,
head(decrypt(KAS,M)) = RA,
head(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))) = B,
[B,RA,S] ? A_State,
/* KAB = head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M)))),*/
/* Chiffertext = head(tail(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))))),*/
(X,A,M) << Network,
[B,RA,S] << A_State,
[new_session_key,B,head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M))))] >> A_State,
(A,B,head(tail(tail(decrypt(KAS,M)))))) >> Network;

def_trans_pattern B step_4
(X,A,S,M,KBS,RB)
(X,B,M) ? Network,
['respond',A] ? B_State,
[A,'agent'] ? B_State,
[S,'server'] ? B_State,
(S,'sym',KBS) ? B_Symkeys,
head(tail(decrypt(KBS,M))) = A,
/* KAB = head(decrypt(KBS,M)),*/
/* RB ? new_nonce,*/
RB << new_nonce,
tail(RB) >> new_nonce,
(X,B,M) << Network,
['respond',A] << B_State,
[new_session_key,A,head(decrypt(KBS,M)),head(RB)] >> B_State,
(B,A,encrypt(head(decrypt(KBS,M)),[head(RB)])) >> Network;

def_trans_pattern A step_5a
(X,B,M,KAB)
(X,A,M) ? Network,
['new_session_key',B,KAB] ? A_State,
/* RB = head(decrypt(KAB,M)),*/
(X,A,M) << Network,
['new_session_key',B,KAB] << A_State,
['session_key',B,KAB] >> A_State,
(B,'sym',KAB) >> A_Symkeys,
(A,B,encrypt(KAB,[head(decrypt(KAB,M))-1])) >> Network;

def_trans_pattern B step_5b
(X,A,M,KAB,RB)
(X,B,M) ? Network,
['new_session_key',A,KAB,RB] ? B_State,
head(decrypt(KAB,M))+1 = RB,

```

```

(X,B,M) << Network,
[ 'new_session_key' ,A,KAB,RB] << B_State,
[ 'session_key' ,A,KAB] >> B_State,
(A,'sym',KAB) >> B_Symkeys;

def_trans_pattern A newA
(B,KAB)
[ 'session_key' ,B,KAB] ? A_State,
[ 'start' ,B] ~? A_State,
[ 'start' ,B] >> A_State;

def_trans_pattern B newB
(A,KAB)
[ 'session_key' ,A,KAB] ? B_State,
[ 'respond' ,A] ~? B_State,
[ 'respond' ,A] >> B_State;

def_pattern_bind A := 'Alice' ;
def_pattern_bind B := 'Bob' ;
/*
def_pattern_bind B := 'Alice2', 'Bob' ;
*/
def_pattern_bind S := 'Server' ;

```